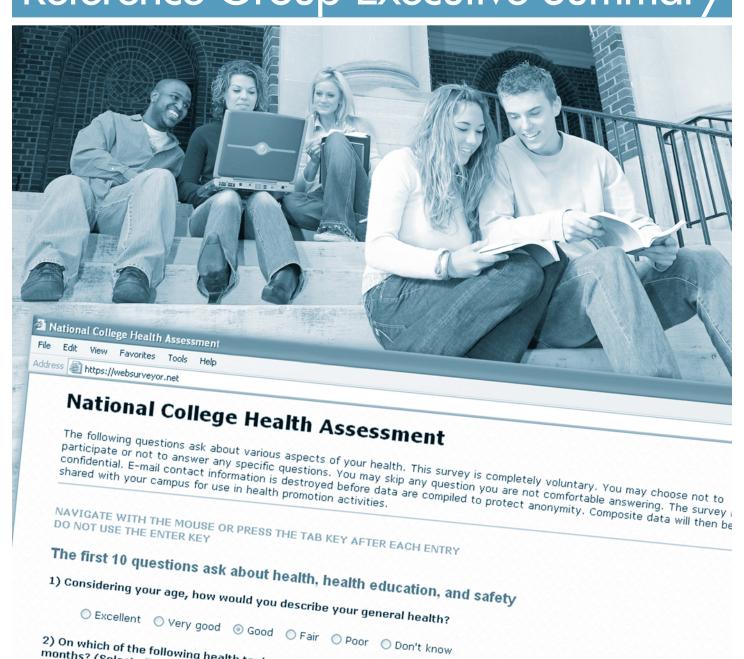


American College Health Association National College Health Assessment

# Reference Group Executive Summary



Spring 2007

months? (Select all that apply)



2) On which of the following health topics have you received information from your college



## Reference Group Executive Summary Spring 2007

The ACHA-NCHA supports the health of the campus community by fulfilling the academic mission, supporting short- and long-term healthy behaviors, and gaining a current profile of health trends within the campus community.

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ACHA-NCHA Executive Summary designed by 2001 ACHA-NCHA Advisory Committee

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#### Introduction

Health issues and health-related costs can have a major impact upon the quality of student and academic life at institutions of higher education. The ACHA-National College Health Assessment (ACHA-NCHA) is a national research survey organized by the American College Health Association (ACHA) to assist college health service providers, health educators, counselors, and administrators in collecting data about their students' habits, behaviors, and perceptions on the most prevalent health topics.

ACHA initiated the survey in 1998; the survey now provides the largest known comprehensive data set on the health of college students, providing the college health and higher education fields with a vast spectrum of research on student health.

For additional information about the survey's development, design, and methodology, email E. Victor Leino, PhD (vleino@acha.org), Mary Hoban, PhD, CHES (mhoban@acha.org), or visit www.acha-ncha.org.

ACHA, the nation's principal advocate and leadership organization for college and university health, represents a diverse membership that provides and supports the delivery of health care and prevention and wellness services for the nation's 16 million college students. For more information about the association's programs and services, visit www.acha.org.

This Executive Summary highlights results of the ACHA-NCHA Spring 2007 survey for a Reference Group consisting of 71,860 respondents.

#### Possible Uses of the ACHA-NCHA

The following are possible uses of the ACHA-NCHA findings:

- o Determine priority health issues among student populations.
- o Provide prevalence rates and formulate baseline data for tracking trends.
- o Measure progress and effectiveness of intervention strategies.
- o Support institutional policies and local laws that affect the health of a campus community.
- o Create individual reports, information campaigns, research projects to educate both campus and community partners.
- o Distribute risk factor information about the student population through summary reports that focus on specific health topics or problem areas.
- o Monitor prevalence and care for specific chronic disease groups.
- o Monitor acute illness and prevention efforts.
- o Provide group or cohort-specific estimates.
- o Assess the correlation between one characteristic or behavior and another in a given population.
- o Identify students' level of self-knowledge about health protection practices and illnesses.
- o Identify students' perceptions about peer behavior.
- o Assess the impact of health and behavior factors on academic performance.
- o Track the progress of selected objectives in Healthy Campus 2000 and Healthy Campus 2010 for ongoing and future tracking.

#### Note on use of data:

Missing values have been excluded from analysis. Students responding "not applicable" were excluded from several analyses, which are specifically noted throughout this document. All response categories were included, including "don't know" or "0" unless otherwise noted.

### **Findings**

#### A. General Health of College Students

■ 58.9 % of students surveyed (63.1 % male and 56.9 % female) described their health as very good or excellent.

Within the last school year, college students reported experiencing:

Allergy problems:	47.0 %	Repetitive stress injury:	6.4 %
Anorexia:	1.8 %	Seasonal affective disorder:	7.7 %
Anxiety disorder:	13.4 %	Substance abuse problem:	4.0 %
Asthma:	11.9 %	Back pain:	47.0 %
Bulimia:	2.2 %	Broken bone/fracture:	5.0 %
Chronic fatigue syndrome:	3.3 %	Bronchitis:	7.6 %
Depression:	18.4 %	Chlamydia:	0.8 %
Diabetes:	1.0 %	Ear infection:	10.0 %
Endometriosis:	0.9 %	Gonorrhea:	0.2 %
Genital herpes:	1.0 %	Mononucleosis:	2.2 %
Genital warts/HPV:	2.5 %	Pelvic inflammatory disease:	0.3 %
Hepatitis B or C:	0.3 %	Sinus infection:	29.3 %
High blood pressure:	4.7 %	Strep throat:	14.0 %
High cholesterol:	3.8 %	Tuberculosis:	0.3 %
HIV infection:	0.3 %		

<sup>81.4~%</sup> of college students ( 77.1~% male, 85.3~% female) experienced one or more of the above conditions within the last school year.

#### **B.** Preventive Health

Preventive health practices among college students:

- 71.9 % reported being vaccinated against hepatitis B.
- 57.8 % reported being vaccinated against meningococcal disease.
- 52.8 % reported being vaccinated against varicella (chicken pox).
- 79.6 % reported being vaccinated with measles, mumps, rubella (2 shots).
- 27.9 % reported being vaccinated against the flu in the last year.
- 77.7 % reported having a dental exam and cleaning in the last year.
- 43.2 % of males students reported that they performed testicular self exam in the last month.
- 42.3 % of female students reported that they performed breast self exam in the last month.
- 59.0 % of females reported having a routine gynecological exam in the last year.
- 88.5 % reported having their blood pressure checked in the last 2 years.
- 44.5 % reported having cholesterol checked in the last 5 years.
- 18.1 % reported using sunscreen daily.

College students reported the following behaviors within the last school year:

Percent (%)	N/A, didn't drive, ride, or skate within the last school year	Never	Rarely or sometimes	Mostly or always	Mostly or always (N/A responses not included)*
Wore a seatbelt	0.5	0.5	5.0	94.1	94.5
Wore a helmet when riding					
a bicycle	52.1	22.7	10.6	14.5	30.3
Wore a helmet when riding					
a motorcycle	83.9	1.9	1.4	12.8	79.5
Wore a helmet when inline		•			
skating	82.3	11.8	2.7	3.2	17.9

<sup>\*</sup> Students responding "N/A, didn't drive, ride, or skate within the last school year" were excluded from this analysis.

#### C. Academic Impacts

Within the last school year students reported the following factors affecting their individual academic performance, i.e. received an incomplete, dropped a course, received a lower grade in a class, on an exam, or on an important project (listed alphabetically):

	~	T 1 11 1 1 1 1	4 4 ~
Alcohol use:	7.7 %	Eating disorder/problem:	1.4 %
Allergies:	4.8 %	HIV infection:	0.1 %
Assault (physical):	0.7 %	Injury:	3.6 %
Assault (sexual):	0.9 %	Internet use/computer games:	16.3 %
Attention deficit disorder:	7.6 %	Learning disability:	3.8 %
Cold/flu/sore throat:	27.1 %	Mononucleosis:	1.5 %
Concern for a troubled		Pregnancy (yours or partner's)	0.9 %
friend or family member:	19.0 %	Relationship difficulty:	16.4 %
Chronic illness:	3.0 %	Sexually transmitted disease:	0.5 %
Chronic pain:	3.2 %	Sinus infection/ear infection/	
Death of a friend/family member:	9.4 %	bronchitis/strep throat:	8.8 %
Depression/anxiety disorder/seasonal		Sleep difficulties:	26.1 %
affective disorder:	16.3 %	Stress:	34.1 %
Drug use:	3.0 %		

#### D. Violence

Within the last school year, college students reported experiencing:

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
A physical fight	13.7	3.6	7.4
Being physically assaulted (non-sexually)	5.7	3.3	4.2
Verbal threats for sex against their will	2.7	4.0	3.6
Sexual touching against their will	4.4	10.6	8.4
Attempted sexual penetration against their will	1.2	3.7	2.8
Sexual penetration against their will	0.9	1.9	1.6
An emotionally abusive relationship	9.9	15.6	13.6
A physically abusive relationship	1.8	2.6	2.4
A sexually abusive relationship	1.3	1.9	1.7

#### E. Alcohol, Tobacco, and Other Drug Use

Thirty day prevalence - substance use reported by college students (male, female, total):

#### Alcohol

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never used	19.1	18.0	18.6
Used, but not in the last 30 days	12.1	15.1	14.0
Used 1-9 days	49.1	54.4	52.3
Used 10-29 days	18.7	12.2	14.6
Used all 30 days	1.0	0.3	0.6

#### Cigarette

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never used	62.4	64.9	64.0
Used, but not in the last 30 days	17.0	17.9	17.5
Used 1-9 days	10.4	8.8	9.4
Used 10-29 days	5.1	4.0	4.4
Used all 30 days	5.1	4.4	4.8

#### Marijuana

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never used	61.0	65.5	63.9
Used, but not in the last 30 days	19.1	20.1	19.6
Used 1-9 days	11.3	10.3	10.6
Used 10-29 days	5.8	3.1	4.1
Used all 30 days	2.8	1.0	1.7

Reported use versus perceived use - reported use for all students within the past 30 days compared with how often students perceived the typical student on campus used substances within the same time period:

		Never		Used one or more days		J <b>sed daily</b>
	Reported	Perception of Typical	Reported	Perception of Typical	Reported	Perception of
Percent (%)	Use (total)	Use	Use (total)	Use	Use	Typical Use
					(total)	
Alcohol	18.6	3.8	66.9	58.5	0.6	37.7
Cigarettes	64.0	11.2	13.8	49.9	4.8	38.9
Marijuana	63.9	17.5	14.8	58.5	1.7	23.9

■ 5.8 % of college students reported driving after having 5 or more drinks in the last 30 days.\*

<sup>\*</sup>Students responding "N/A, don't drive" were excluded from this analysis.

Estimated BAC (Blood Alcohol Concentration) of college students: This is an estimated figure based on the reported number of drinks consumed during the last time all students (including non-drinkers) "partied" or socialized, their approximate time of consumption, sex, and the average rate of ethanol metabolisim.

<b>Estimated BAC</b>	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
< .08		65.0	64.2	64.5
< .10		72.2	72.1	72.1
Mean		0.07	0.07	0.07
Median		0.05	0.05	0.05
Std Dev		0.08	0.08	0.08

Reported number of drinks consumed the last time students "partied" or socialized:

Number of drinks	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
<= 4		49.5	67.3	60.9
<= 4 <= 5		57.5	77.8	70.4
<= 6		64.8	85.2	77.8
Mean		5.56	3.51	4.26
Median		5.00	3.00	3.00
Std Dev		5.50	3.34	4.37

Reported number of times college students consumed five or more drinks in a sitting within the last two weeks:

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
None	52.0	67.3	61.7
1-2 times	25.5	21.7	23.0
3-5 times	16.5	9.1	11.8
6 or more times	6.0	2.0	3.4

College students reported doing the following when they "partied" or socialized during the last school year:\*

When at a party or when going out	usually or always
	Percent (%)
alternate non-alcoholic with alcoholic beverages:	30.6
determine in advance not to exceed a set number of drinks:	38.9
choose not to drink alcohol:	26.4
use a designated driver:	79.0
eat before and/or during drinking:	80.1
have a friend let you know when you have had enough:	29.1
keep track of how many drinks being consumed:	65.2
pace drinks to one or fewer an hour:	29.0
avoid drinking games:	37.8
drink an alcoholic look-alike:	7.1

<sup>\*</sup>Students responding "N/A, don't drink" were excluded from this analysis.

■ 96.5 % of college students reported usually doing or always doing one or more of the above behaviors when drinking alcohol during the last school year.\*

College students who drank alcohol reported the following consequences occurring in the last school year as a result of their own drinking:\*

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Being physically injured	20.2	18.7	19.3
Physically injured another person	7.5	3.0	4.7
Being involved in a fight	11.1	4.9	7.3
Doing something they later regretted	37.6	35.1	36.1
Forgetting where they were or what they had done		29.6	31.4
Having someone use force or threat of force to have sex		1.8	1.5
with them			
Having unprotected sex	18.1	14.3	15.8

 $<sup>*</sup>Students\ responding\ "N/A,\ don't\ drink"\ were\ excluded\ from\ this\ analysis.$ 

<sup>\*</sup>Students responding "N/A, don't drink" were excluded from this analysis.

#### F. Sexual Behavior

College students reported the following within the last school year:

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Having had no sexual partner	30.5	29.1	29.5
Having had 1 sexual partner	40.9	48.1	45.4
Having had 2 sexual partners	11.3	11.3	11.3
Having had 3 sexual partners	6.7	5.6	6.0
Having had 4 or more sexual partners	10.6	5.9	7.7

Number of partners among students reporting to have at least one sexual partner within the last school year:\*

Mean	2.42	1.73	2.00
Median	1.00	1.00	1.00
Std Dev	4.50	2.11	3.32

<sup>\*</sup>Only students reporting to have at least one sexual partner are included in these

Oral sex within the past 30 days	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never did this sexual		27.1	29.0	28.3
Have not done this during the last 30		27.6	25.8	26.5
Did this 1 or more times		45.3	45.2	45.3

Vaginal sex within the past 30 days Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never did this sexual	32.4	30.8	31.3
Have not done this during the last 30	22.4	18.0	19.6
Did this 1 or more times	45.2	51.2	49.1

Anal sex within the past 30 days	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never did this sexual		69.8	77.1	74.4
Have not done this during the last 30		23.4	18.8	20.4
Did this 1 or more times		6.7	4.2	5.2

Type of sexual behavior	Percent (%)	Oral	Vaginal	Anal
Sexually active students reported				
Using a condom within the last 30 days (mostly	or or	4.0	50.9	29.0
always)*				ı
Using a condom the last time they had sex**		4.5	52.8	27.9

<sup>\*</sup>Students responding "Never did this sexual activity" or "Have not done this during the last thirty days" were excluded from the analysis.

Reported means of birth control used among college students or their partners to prevent pregnancy the last time they had vaginal intercourse:

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Birth control pills	36.6	39.9	38.4
Depo Provera (shots)	1.1	1.6	1.4
Norplant (implant)	0.4	0.1	0.3
Condoms	41.4	36.7	38.0
Diaphragm, cervical cap, sponge	0.6	0.3	0.4
Spermicide	3.2	2.0	2.4
Fertility awareness	2.5	2.6	2.5
Withdrawal	14.6	16.0	15.4
Other method	3.4	5.2	4.5
Nothing	4.7	4.4	4.6

■ 13.0 % of sexually active college students reported using (or reported their partner used) emergency contraception ("morning after pill") within the last school year (male: 10.8 %; female: 14.1 %).\*

■ 2.4 % of college students who had vaginal intercourse within the last school year reported experiencing an unintentional pregnancy or got someone pregnant within the last school year. (male: 2.5 %; female: 2.3 %).\*\*

<sup>\*\*</sup>Students responding "Never did this sexual activity" were excluded from the analysis.

<sup>\*</sup>Students responding "Not sexually active" were excluded from the analysis.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Students responding "Have not had vaginal intercourse within the last school year" were excluded from the analysis.

#### **G.** Nutrition and Exercise

Within the last 30 days, college students reported:

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Exercising to lose weight	44.0	61.2	54.6
Dieting to lose weight	22.6	42.4	34.9
Vomiting or taking laxatives to lose weight	0.6	3.5	2.4
Taking diet pills to lose weight	2.1	4.7	3.8
Doing none of the above	50.1	30.9	37.6

College students reported usually eating the following number of servings of fruits and vegetables:

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Don't eat fruits and vegetables	5.1	2.7	3.6
1 or 2 per day	63.9	58.8	60.7
3-4 per day	25.2	31.4	29.1
5 or more per day	5.8	7.2	6.7

College students reported the following behaviors within the past 7 days

## Participated in vigorous exercise for 20 minutes (or 30 minutes moderate exercise)

	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
0 days		22.0	28.0	25.9
1-2 days		30.7	31.7	31.3
3-5 days		37.5	33.3	34.8
6+ days		9.8	7.0	8.0

<b>Exercising to strengthen muscles</b>	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
0 days		32.7	41.0	38.0
1-2 days		26.6	30.0	28.8
3-5 days		33.7	25.2	28.3
6+ days		6.9	3.8	4.9

#### **Getting enough sleep**

to feel rested in the morning	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
0 days		9.6	10.7	10.4
1-2 days		26.7	27.4	27.2
3-5 days		49.6	47.9	48.4
6+ days		14.2	13.9	14.1

Estimated average Body Mass Index (BMI): This figure incorporates reported height, and weight to form a general indicator of physical health.

5.7 4.6 5.7 62.4	
5.7 62.4	1
	r
8.8 22.2	2
7.0	
2.4	
.4 1.3	
)	5.2 7.0   2.2 2.4

Mean	24.84	23.77	24.16
Median	23.80	22.64	23.10
Std Dev	4.64	4.95	4.87

#### **H.** Depression

Students reported experiencing the following within the last school year:

#### Feeling overwhelmed by all they had to do

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never	12.4	3.5	6.8
1-10 times	68.2	65.4	66.3
11+ times	19.5	31.1	26.8

#### Feeling exhausted (not from physical activity)

Percent (%)			
Never	14.5	5.8	9.1
1-10 times	64.4	65.3	64.9
11+ times	21.1	28.9	26.0

#### Feeling very sad

Percent (%)			
Never	30.2	15.4	20.8
1-10 times	59.7	69.5	65.9
11+ times	10.2	15.1	13.3

#### Feeling things were hopeless

Percent (%)			
Never	44.8	32.2	36.7
1-10 times	46.3	57.1	53.3
11+ times	8.9	10.6	10.0

## Feeling so depressed it was difficult to function

Per	rcent (%) Male	Female	Total
Never	61.0	51.7	55.0
1-10 times	32.7	40.2	37.6
11+ times	6.2	8.1	7.4

#### Seriously considering attempting suicide

Percent (%)	)		
Never	91.0	89.8	90.2
1-10 times	8.0	9.2	8.8
11+ times	1.0	1.0	1.0

#### **Attempting suicide**

Percent (%)			
Never	98.5	98.5	98.5
1-10 times	1.4	1.3	1.4
11+ times	0.2	0.1	0.2

## College students reported diagnosed with depression Percent (%) Male Female Total 10.3 18.0 15.3

Of those students reporting ever having been diagnosed with depression in the item above...

Diagnosed with depression in the last school year	28.5	33.6	32.5
Currently in therapy for depression	21.7	25.9	24.8
Currently taking medication for depression	28.6	36.9	34.9

## **Demographics and Student Characteristics**

■ Age:			■ Students describe themselves as:	
Average age:	21.73 years		Heterosexual:	93.5 %
Median:	20.00 years		Gay/Lesbian:	2.0 %
Std Dev:	5.58 years		Bisexual:	2.7 %
			Transgendered:	0.1 %
18 - 20 years:		53.0 %	Unsure:	1.7 %
21 - 24 years:		35.1 %		
25 - 29 years:		6.0 %	<b>■</b> Housing:	
30+ years:		5.9 %	Campus residence:	37.4 %
			Fraternity or sorority:	1.2 %
■ Sex*			Other university:	4.8 %
Female:		61.8 %	Off-campus:	35.9 %
Male:		34.7 %	Parent/guardian's:	15.5 %
			Other:	5.2 %
<b>■</b> Student status	:			
1st year undergraduate:		25.3 %	■ Hours of paid work per	week:
2nd year undergr	aduate:	22.8 %	0 hours:	38.2 %
3rd year undergraduate:		21.9 %	1-9 hours:	17.2 %
4th year undergraduate:		17.3 %	10-19 hours:	20.0 %
5th year or more	undergraduate:	5.4 %	20-29 hours:	13.6 %
Graduate or professional:		5.7 %	30-39 hours:	5.2 %
Adult special or other:		1.6 %	40 hours:	3.4 %
			More than 40 hours:	2.5 %
Full-time student:		93.4 %		
			■ Hours of volunteer work per week:	
■ Relationship s	tatus:		0 hours:	65.5 %
Single:		55.3 %	1-9 hours:	30.8 %
Married/domestic partner:		6.6 %	10-19 hours:	2.7 %
Engaged or committed dating			20-29 hours:	0.6 %
relationship:		36.9 %	30-39 hours:	0.2 %
Separated:		0.3 %	40 hours:	0.1 %
Divorced:		0.7 %	More than 40 hours:	0.1 %
Widowed:		0.1 %		
			■ Have any kind of health insurance	
■ Students describe themselves as:			(including prepaid plans, such as HMOs):	
White:		73.3 %	Yes:	85.8 %
Black – not Hispa	anic:	5.2 %	Unsure:	5.7 %
Hispanic or Latino:		8.1 %		
Asian or Pacific	Islander:	11.0 %		
American Indian	or Alaskan Native:	1.3 %		
Other:		4.1 %		

<sup>\*</sup> Cases where sex is missing are included in the calulation of percentages for this variable

### **Demographics of Participating Colleges/Universities**

One hundred thirteen postsecondary institutions self-selected to participate in the Spring 2007 ACHA National College Health Assessment and 72,786 surveys were completed by students on these campuses. For the purpose of forming the Reference Group, only those institutions that surveyed all students, or used a random sampling technique are included in the analysis, yielding a final data set consisting of 71,860 students and 107 schools. Demographic characteristics of the 107 campuses follow:

Demographical Characteristics of the 107 Postsecondary Institutions Included			
in the Spring 2007 ACHA-NCHA Reference Group.			
Campus Characteristic	n		
Type of Institution			
Public	69		
Private	38		
2-year	14		
4-year	93		
Location of Campus			
Northeast (CT, ME, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, VT)	24		
Midwest (IL, IN, IA, KS, MI, MN, MO, NE, ND, OH, SD, WI)	29		
South (AL, AR, DE, DC, FL, GA, KY, LA, MD, MS, NC, OK, SC,	20		
TN, TX, VA, WV)			
West (AK, AZ, CA, CO, HI, ID, MT, NV, NM, OR, UT, WA, WY)	32		
Outside US	2		
Campus Size			
< 2,500 students	16		
2,500 – 4,999 students	10		
5,000 – 9,999 students	20		
10,000 – 19,999 students	25		
20,000 students or more	36		
Campus Setting			
Very large city (population over 500,000)	21		
Large city (population 250,000-499,999)	14		
Small city (population 50,000-249,999)	36		
Large town (population 10,000 – 49,999)	26		
Small town (population 2,500-9,999)	8		
Rural community (population under 2,500)	2		
Carnegie Classification			
Associates Colleges	14 14		
Baccalaureate Colleges			
Masters Colleges and Universities			
Research Institutions	41		
Special Focus Institutions	1		
Miscellaneous/Not Classified	2		

Demographical Characteristics of the 107 Postsecondary Institutions Included in the Spring 2007 ACHA-NCHA Reference Group.			
Campus Characteristic			
ACHA Membership Status			
Institutional Member			
Nonmember	5		
Religious Affiliation			
No	85		
Yes	22		
<u>If yes:</u>			
Catholic	11		
Protestant or Other Christian	11		
Postsecondary Minority Institution (US Department of Education)			
No	96		
Yes	11		
*If yes:			
Postsecondary Minority Institution	0		
Historically Black College or University (HBCU)	1		
High Hispanic Enrollment	10		
Hispanic Serving Institution (HSI)	6		
Indian Tribally Controlled College or University	0		
Alaska Native-Serving Institution	0		
Native Hawaiian-Serving Institution	0		
*institutions may hold more than one type of minority status			

	All Spring 2007 Institutions	Paper Survey Administration	Web Survey Administration
Number of institutions	107	28	79
Number of students	71,860	18,227	53,633
Mean response proportion	39%	88%	22%
Median response proportion	24%	95%	19%