Mastectomy Benefits

The Women’s Health and Cancer Right Act of 1998 requires medical plans that offer mastectomy benefits to also provide coverage for reconstructive surgery benefits.

Coverage extends to:

• Reconstructive surgery of the breast on which the mastectomy is performed;
• Treatment to produce a symmetrical appearance following a mastectomy; prostheses; and physical complications for all stages of a mastectomy, including lymphedemas (swelling associated with the removal of lymph nodes).

As with the other covered services provided under your medical plan, annual deductibles, copays, and coinsurance may apply to these mastectomy benefits.

Newborns’ Act

Group health plans and health insurance issuers generally may not, under federal law, restrict benefits for any hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn child to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery, or less than 96 hours following a cesarean section. However, federal law generally does not prohibit the mother’s or newborn’s attending provider, after consulting with the mother, from discharging the mother or her newborn earlier than 48 hours (or 96 hours as applicable). In any case, plans and issuers may not, under federal law, require that a provider obtain authorization from the plan or the insurance issuer for prescribing a length of stay not in excess of 48 hours (or 96 hours).

Special Enrollment Rights

If you are declining enrollment in the USF plan for yourself or your dependents (including your spouse) because of other health insurance or group health plan coverage, you may be able to enroll yourself and your dependents in the USF plan if you or your dependents lose eligibility for that other coverage (or if the employer stops contributing towards your or your dependents’ other coverage). However, you must request enrollment within 30 days after you or your dependents’ other coverage ends (or after the employer stops contributing toward the other coverage).

You may also be able to enroll yourself or your dependents in the future if you or your dependents lose health coverage under Medicaid or your state Children’s Health Insurance Program, or become eligible for state premium assistance for purchasing coverage under a group health plan, provided that you request enrollment within 60 days after that coverage ends or after you become eligible for premium assistance.

In addition, if you have a new dependent as a result of marriage, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption, you may be able to enroll yourself and your dependents. However, you must request enrollment within 60 days after the marriage, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption. To request special enrollment or obtain more information, contact the Human Resources Benefits Team.

Statement of ERISA Rights

As a participant in the Plan you are entitled to certain rights and protections under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (“ERISA”). ERISA provides that all participants shall be entitled to:

• Examine, without charge, at the Plan Administrator’s office and at other specified locations, the documents governing the plan, including the insurance contract and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) filed by the Plan with the U.S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.
• Obtain, upon written request to the Plan Administrator, copies of documents governing the operation of the plan, including insurance contracts, and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) and updated summary plan description. The Plan Administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.
• Receive a summary of the Plan’s annual financial report, if any. The Plan Administrator is required by law to furnish each participant with a copy of this summary annual report, if any.

You have a right to continue healthcare coverage for yourself, spouse/RDP or dependents if there is a loss of coverage under the plan as a result of a qualifying event. You or your dependents may have to pay for such coverage. Review this summary plan description and the documents governing the Plan on the rules governing your COBRA continuation coverage rights.

You have rights regarding reduction or elimination of exclusionary periods of coverage for preexisting conditions under your group health plan, if you have creditable coverage from another plan. You should be provided a certificate of creditable coverage, free of charge, from your group health plan or health insurance issuer when you lose coverage under the Plan, when you become entitled to elect COBRA continuation coverage, when your COBRA continuation coverage ceases, if you request it before losing coverage, or if you request it up to 24 months after losing coverage.
In addition to creating rights for participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for operation of the Plan. These people, called “fiduciaries” of the Plan, have a duty to operate the Plan prudently and in the interest of you and other Plan participants and beneficiaries. Fiduciaries who violate ERISA may be removed and required to make good any losses they have caused the Plan.

No one, including the University of San Francisco, or any other person, may fire you or discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining welfare benefits or exercising your rights under ERISA.

If your claim for a welfare benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules.

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce these rights. For instance, if you request a copy of plan documents or the latest annual report from the Plan Administrator and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a Federal court. In such a case, the court may require the Plan Administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to $110 a day until you receive the materials, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the Plan Administrator.

If you have a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a Federal court. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, should happen that Plan fiduciaries misuse the Plan’s money, or if you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, if it finds your claim is frivolous.

If you disagree with the plan’s decision or lack thereof concerning the qualified status of a domestic relations order or a medical child support order, you may file suit in Federal court. In such a case, the court may require the Plan Administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to $110 a day until you receive the materials, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the Plan Administrator.

If you have any questions about your Plan, you should contact the Plan Administrator. If you have any questions about this statement, or your rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance or information regarding your rights under HIPAA, you should contact the nearest office of the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, listed in your telephone directory or the Division of Technical Assistance and Inquiries, Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue N.W., Washington, D.C. 20210. You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

Michelle’s Law Notice

Michelle’s Law Notice — Extended dependent medical coverage during student medical leaves

The health plan may extend medical coverage for dependent children if they lose eligibility for coverage because of a medically necessary leave of absence from school. Coverage may continue for up to a year, unless your child’s eligibility would end earlier for another reason.

Extended coverage is available if a child’s leave of absence from school — or change in school enrollment status (for example, switching from full-time to part-time status) — starts while the child has a serious illness or injury, is necessary and otherwise causes eligibility for student coverage under the plan to end. Written certification from the child’s physician stating that the child suffers from a serious illness or injury and the leave of absence is medically necessary may be required.

If your child will lose eligibility for coverage because of a medically necessary leave of absence from school and you want his or her coverage to be extended, contact human resources as soon as the need for the leave is recognized to USF. In addition, contact your child’s health plan to see if any state laws requiring extended coverage may apply to his or her benefits.

Notice of Choice of Providers

Notice of Choice of Providers or Physician Designation Notice

The Kaiser Permanente HMO generally requires the designation of a primary care provider. You have the right to designate any primary care provider who participates in our network and who is available to accept you or your family members. Until you make this designation, Kaiser HMO will designate one for you. For information on how to select a primary care provider, and for a list of the participating primary care providers, contact the Kaiser at 800-464-4000 or www.kp.org.

For children, you may designate a pediatrician as the primary care provider.

You do not need prior authorization from Kaiser Permanente HMO or from any other person (including a primary care provider) in order to obtain access to obstetrical or gynecological care from a health care professional in our network who specializes in obstetrics or gynecology. The health care professional, however, may be required to comply with certain procedures, including obtaining prior authorization for certain services, following a pre-approved treatment plan, or procedures for making referrals. For a list of participating health care professionals who specialize in obstetrics or gynecology, contact Kaiser at 800-464-4000 or www.kp.org.
Important Information About the Notice on Health Insurance Marketplace Coverage Options

This notice is available on the Benefits website as a PDF document.

General Information

When key parts of the health care law took effect in 2014, there became a new way to buy health insurance: the Health Insurance Marketplace. To assist you as you evaluate options for you and your family, this notice provides some basic information about the new Marketplace and employment-based health coverage offered by your employer.

What is the Health Insurance Marketplace?
The Marketplace is designed to help you find health insurance that meets your needs and fits your budget. The Marketplace offers “one-stop shopping” to find and compare private health insurance options. You may also be eligible for a new kind of tax credit that lowers your monthly premium right away. Open enrollment for health insurance coverage through the Marketplace begins again on November 1, 2017 through January 31, 2018 for coverage starting as early as January 1, 2018.

Can I Save Money on my Health Insurance Premiums in the Marketplace?
You may qualify to save money and lower your monthly premium, but only if your employer does not offer coverage, or offers coverage that doesn’t meet certain standards. The savings on your premium that you’re eligible for depends on your household income.

Does Employer Health Coverage Affect Eligibility for Premium Savings Through the Marketplace?
Yes. If you have an offer of health coverage from your employer that meets certain standards, you will not be eligible for a tax credit through the Marketplace and may wish to enroll in your employer’s health plan. However, you may be eligible for a tax credit that lowers your monthly premium, or a reduction in certain cost-sharing if your employer does not offer coverage that meets certain standards. If the cost of a plan from your employer that would cover you (and not any other members of your family) is more than 9.5% of your household income for the year, or if the coverage your employer provides does not meet the “minimum value” standard set by the Affordable Care Act, you may be eligible for a tax credit.

*An employer-sponsored health plan meets the “minimum value standard” if the plan’s share of the total allowed benefit costs covered by the plan is no less than 60 percent of such costs.

Note: If you purchase a health plan through the Marketplace instead of accepting health coverage offered by your employer, then you may lose the employer contribution (if any) to the employer-offered coverage. Also, this employer contribution — as well as your employee contribution to employer-offered coverage — is often excluded from income for Federal and State income tax purposes. Your payments for coverage through the Marketplace are made on an after-tax basis.

How Can I Get More Information?
For more information about your coverage offered by your employer, please check your summary plan description or contact the Human Resources Benefits Team.

The Marketplace can help you evaluate your coverage options, including your eligibility for coverage through the Marketplace and its cost. Please visit HealthCare.gov for more information, including an online application for health insurance coverage and contact information for a Health Insurance Marketplace in your area.

Information About Health Coverage Offered by Your Employer

This section contains information about any health coverage offered by your employer. If you decide to complete an application for coverage in the Marketplace, you will be asked to provide this information. This information is numbered to correspond to the Marketplace application.

**Employer Name:** University of San Francisco  
**Employer Identification Number (EIN):** 94-1156628  
**Employer Address:** 2130 Fulton Street, Lone Mountain Main Room 339  
**City:** San Francisco  
**State:** CA  
**Zip:** 94117-1080  
**Employer Phone Number:** 415-422-2442  
**Who can we contact about employee health coverage at this job?** Human Resources Benefits Team  
**Email Address:** benefits@usfca.edu

Basic Information About Your Offered Health Coverage

As your employer, we offer a health plan to some employees. Eligible employees are:

- Eligible to enroll in the health plan if you are a faculty/staff employee who is regularly scheduled to work 30 hours or more per week. You are also eligible to enroll if you work at least 20 hours per week and you are a Regional Campus Librarian, or Regional Campus Library Assistant (see insurance contract for detailed information). With respect to dependents, we do offer coverage to eligible dependents:

  - Your legal spouse or Registered Domestic Partner (RDP) or Grandfathered Legally Domiciled Adult (GF LDA). For employees who have enrolled a Legally Domiciled Adult (LDA)
for coverage on or before December 31, 2011, the LDA will be eligible to continue his or her participation in the Plan as a dependent after January 1, 2012 for as long as he or she remains otherwise eligible pursuant to the eligibility criteria applicable to LDA’s in effect as of December 31, 2011. No new enrollment of an LDA will be permitted beginning January 1, 2012. Any LDA who terminates coverage on or after January 1, 2012 will not be eligible to re-enroll for LDA coverage.

Registered Domestic Partners (RDP) are defined as set forth in California Family Code Section 297 and they are same sex partners unless one is over age 62.

• Your children up to age 26 or your disabled children of any age (see insurance contract for further information).

This coverage meets the minimum value standard, and the cost of this coverage to you is intended to be affordable, based on employee wages.

Note: Even if your employer intends your coverage to be affordable, you may still be eligible for a premium discount through the Marketplace. The Marketplace will use your household income, along with other factors, to determine whether you may be eligible for a premium discount. If, for example, your wages vary from week to week (perhaps you are an hourly employee or you work on a commission basis), if you are newly employed mid-year, or if you have other income losses, you may still qualify for a premium discount.

If you decide to shop for coverage in the Marketplace, HealthCare.gov will guide you through the process. This notice provides the employer information you’ll enter when you visit HealthCare.gov to find out if you can get a tax credit to lower your monthly premiums.

Medicare Part D

Medicare Part D Prescription Drug Notice

Please read this notice carefully and keep it where you can find it. This notice has information about your current prescription drug coverage with University of San Francisco and about your options under Medicare’s prescription drug coverage. This information can help you decide whether or not you want to join a Medicare drug plan. Information about where you can get help to make decisions about your prescription drug coverage is at the end of this notice.

Medicare prescription drug coverage became available in 2006 to everyone with Medicare. You can get this coverage if you join a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan or join a Medicare Advantage Plan (like an HMO or PPO) that offers prescription drug coverage. All Medicare drug plans provide at least a standard level of coverage set by Medicare. Some plans may also offer more coverage for a higher monthly premium.

The University of San Francisco has determined that the prescription drug coverage offered by the health plan is, on average for all plan participants, expected to pay out as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage pays and is considered Creditable Coverage.

Because your existing coverage is, on average, at least as good as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage, you can keep this coverage and not pay a higher premium (a penalty) if you later decide to join a Medicare drug plan.

You can join a Medicare drug plan when you first become eligible for Medicare and each year from October 15th through December 7th. This may mean that you may have to wait to join a Medicare drug plan and that you may pay a higher premium (a penalty) if you join later.

You may pay that higher premium (a penalty) as long as you have Medicare prescription drug coverage. However, if you lose creditable prescription drug coverage, through no fault of your own, you will be eligible for a 60-day Special Enrollment Period (SEP) because you lost creditable coverage to join a Part D plan. In addition, if you lose or decide to leave employer/union sponsored coverage, you will be eligible to join a Part D plan at that time using an Employer Group Special Enrollment Period. You should compare your current coverage, including which drugs are covered at what cost, with the coverage and costs of the plans offering Medicare prescription drug coverage in your area.

If you do decide to join a Medicare drug plan, your University of San Francisco coverage will be affected. Benefits will not be coordinated with a Medicare Part D plan.

If you do decide to join a Medicare drug plan and drop your University of San Francisco prescription drug coverage, be aware that you and your dependents may not be able to get this coverage back. You should also know that if you drop or lose your coverage with the University of San Francisco and don’t join a Medicare drug plan within 63 continuous days after your current coverage ends, you may pay a higher premium (a penalty) to join a Medicare drug plan later.

If you go 63 continuous days or longer without prescription drug coverage that’s at least as good as Medicare’s prescription drug coverage, your monthly premium may go up by at least 1% of the base beneficiary premium per month for every month that you did not have that coverage. For example, if you go 19 months without coverage, your premium may consistently be at least 19% higher than the base beneficiary premium.

You may have to pay this higher premium (a penalty) as long as you have Medicare prescription drug coverage. In addition, you may have to wait until the following November to join.

Contact the University of San Francisco Benefits Team at 415-422-2442 for further information. Note: You’ll get this notice each year. You will also get it before the next period you can join a Medicare drug plan, or if this coverage through the University of San Francisco changes. You also may request a copy.

More detailed information about Medicare plans that offer prescription drug coverage is in the “Medicare & You” handbook. If Medicare-eligible, you’ll get a copy of the handbook in the mail every year from Medicare. You may also be contacted directly by Medicare drug plans.
For more information about Medicare Prescription drug coverage:

- Visit www.medicare.gov.
- Call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (see the inside back cover of your copy of the “Medicare & You” handbook for their telephone number) for personalized help.
- Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- If you have limited income and resources, extra help paying for Medicare prescription drug coverage is available. For information about this extra help, visit Social Security on the Web at www.socialsecurity.gov, or call them at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY 1-800-325-0778).

Your USF prescription drug benefits are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Kaiser</th>
<th>Anthem Blue Cross PPO</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>In-Network Only</td>
<td>$10 copay</td>
<td>$10 copay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In-Network</td>
<td>$10 copay</td>
<td>$10 copay plus 50% of the maximum amount allowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out-of-Network</td>
<td>$10 copay plus 50% of the maximum amount allowed</td>
<td>$20 copay plus 50% of the maximum amount allowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Generic</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brand-name: Formulary</td>
<td>$20 copay</td>
<td>$20 copay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All drugs on formulary</td>
<td>$25 copay</td>
<td>25 copay plus 50% of the maximum amount allowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supply</td>
<td>Up to 100-day maximum supply</td>
<td>30-day (Retail) or 90-day (Mail Order) maximum supply</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>30-day or 90-day maximum supply</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Remember: Keep this Creditable Coverage notice. If you decide to join one of the Medicare drug plans, you may be required to provide a copy of this notice when you join to show whether or not you have maintained creditable coverage and whether or not you are required to pay a higher premium (a penalty).

Date: January 2018
Plan Sponsor: University of San Francisco
Contact for Additional Information: The Human Resources Benefits Team
Address: 2130 Fulton Street, Lone Mountain Main Room 339, San Francisco, CA 94117-1080
Phone Number: 415-422-2442

Medicaid and the Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP)

Medicaid and CHIP Offer Free or Low-Cost Health Coverage to Children and Families

If you or your children are eligible for Medicaid or CHIP and you’re eligible for health coverage from your employer, your state may have a premium assistance program that can help pay for coverage, using funds from their Medicaid or CHIP programs. If you or your children aren’t eligible for Medicaid or CHIP, you won’t be eligible for these premium assistance programs but you may be able to buy individual insurance coverage through the Health Insurance Marketplace. For more information, visit www.healthcare.gov.

If you or your dependents are already enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP and you live in a State listed below, contact your State Medicaid or CHIP office to find out if premium assistance is available.

If you or your dependents are NOT currently enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP, and you think you or any of your dependents might be eligible for either of these programs, contact your State Medicaid or CHIP office or dial 1-877- KIDS NOW or www.insurekidsnow.gov to find out how to apply. If you qualify, ask your state if it has a program that might help you pay the premiums for an employer sponsored plan.

If you or your dependents are eligible for premium assistance under Medicaid or CHIP, as well as eligible under your employer plan, your employer must allow you to enroll in your employer plan if you aren’t already enrolled. This is called a “special enrollment” opportunity, and you must request coverage within 60 days of being determined eligible for premium assistance.

If you have questions about enrolling in your employer plan, contact the Department of Labor at www.askebsa.dol.gov or call 1-866-444-EBSA (3272).

If you live in one of the following states, you may be eligible for assistance paying your employer health plan premiums. The following list of states is current as of August 10, 2017. Contact your State for more information on eligibility –
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Medicaid Website</th>
<th>Phone Numbers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>COLORADO</td>
<td><a href="https://www.healthfirstcolorado.com/">https://www.healthfirstcolorado.com/</a></td>
<td>1-855-692-5447</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEORGIA</td>
<td><a href="http://dch.georgia.gov/medicaid">http://dch.georgia.gov/medicaid</a></td>
<td>1-800-656-4507</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOUISIANA</td>
<td><a href="http://dhhs.louisiana.gov/index.cfm/subhome/I/n/331">http://dhhs.louisiana.gov/index.cfm/subhome/I/n/331</a></td>
<td>1-888-695-2447</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MISSOURI</td>
<td><a href="http://www.dss.mo.gov/mhd/participants/pages/hipp.htm">http://www.dss.mo.gov/mhd/participants/pages/hipp.htm</a></td>
<td>573-751-2005</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MONTANA</td>
<td><a href="http://dphhs.mt.gov/MontanaHealthcarePrograms/HIPP">http://dphhs.mt.gov/MontanaHealthcarePrograms/HIPP</a></td>
<td>1-800-694-3084</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEBRASKA</td>
<td><a href="http://www.ACCESSNebraska.ne.gov">http://www.ACCESSNebraska.ne.gov</a></td>
<td>(855) 632-7633</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEVADA</td>
<td>Medicaid Website: <a href="https://dwss.nv.gov/">https://dwss.nv.gov/</a></td>
<td>1-800-992-0900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEW JERSEY</td>
<td>Medicaid Website: <a href="http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/dmahs/clients/medicaid/">http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/dmahs/clients/medicaid/</a></td>
<td>603-271-5218</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEW YORK</td>
<td><a href="https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/">https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/</a></td>
<td>1-800-541-2831</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NORTH CAROLINA</td>
<td>Medicaid Website: <a href="https://dma.ncdhhs.gov/">https://dma.ncdhhs.gov/</a></td>
<td>919-855-4100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NORTH DAKOTA</td>
<td>Medicaid Website: <a href="http://www.nd.gov/dhs/services/medicalserv/medicaid/">http://www.nd.gov/dhs/services/medicalserv/medicaid/</a></td>
<td>1-844-854-4825</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OKLAHOMA</td>
<td>Medicaid Website: <a href="http://www.insureoklahoma.org">http://www.insureoklahoma.org</a></td>
<td>1-888-365-3742</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PENNSYLVANIA</td>
<td>Medicaid Website: <a href="http://healthcare.oregon.gov/Pages/index.aspx">http://healthcare.oregon.gov/Pages/index.aspx</a></td>
<td>1-800-699-9075</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RHODE ISLAND</td>
<td>Medicaid Website: <a href="http://www.eohhs.ri.gov/">http://www.eohhs.ri.gov/</a></td>
<td>855-697-4347</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOUTH CAROLINA</td>
<td>Medicaid Website: <a href="https://www.scdhhs.gov">https://www.scdhhs.gov</a></td>
<td>1-888-549-0820</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOUTH DAKOTA</td>
<td>Medicaid Website: <a href="http://dss.sd.gov">http://dss.sd.gov</a></td>
<td>1-888-828-0059</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
To see if any other states have added a premium assistance program since January 31, 2017, or for more information on special enrollment rights, contact either:

U.S. Department of Labor
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
Employee Benefits Security Administration Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
www.dol.gov/agencies/ebsa
www.cms.hhs.gov
1-866-444-ESBSA (3272)
1-877-267-2323, Menu Option 4, Ext. 61565

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement
According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104-13) (PRA), no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless such collection displays a valid Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number. The Department notes that a Federal agency cannot conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it is approved by OMB under the PRA, and displays a currently valid OMB control number, and the public is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. See 44 U.S.C. 3507. Also, notwithstanding any other provisions of law, no person shall be subject to penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information if the collection of information does not display a currently valid OMB control number. See 44 U.S.C. 3512.

The public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average approximately seven minutes per respondent. Interested parties are encouraged to send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the U.S. Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration, Office of Policy and Research, Attention: PRA Clearance Officer, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Room N-5718, Washington, DC 20210 or email ebsa.opr@dol.gov and reference the OMB Control Number 1210-0137.

OMB Control Number 1210-0137 (expires 12/31/2019)
HIPAA Notice of Privacy Practices

This describes how medical information about you may be used and disclosed and how you can get access to this information. Please review it carefully.

Health Information Privacy

This Notice is required by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 ("HIPAA") and is intended to describe how the USF health plan will protect your health information with respect to its self-insured health benefits. References below to Health Plan shall mean the medical, dental and health flexible spending account benefits provided by the Health Plan.

“Health information” for this purpose means information that identifies you and either relates to your physical or mental health condition, or relates to the payment of your health care expenses. This individually identifiable health information is known as “protected health information” ("PHI"). Your PHI will not be used or disclosed without a written authorization from you, except as described in this Notice or as otherwise permitted by federal or state health information privacy laws.

Health Plan Privacy Obligations

The Health Plan is required by law to:

• Make sure that health information that identifies you is kept private;
• Give you this Notice of its legal duties and privacy practices with respect to health information about you; and
• Follow the terms of the Notice that are in effect.

How the Health Plan May Use and Disclose Health Information About You

The following describes the ways we may use and disclose health information that identifies you (“Health Information”). Except for the purposes described below, we will use and disclose Health Information only with your written permission. You may revoke such permission at any time by writing to our practice Privacy Officer.

• For Treatment. We may use and disclose Health Information for your treatment and to provide you with treatment-related health care services. For example, we may disclose Health Information to doctors, nurses, technicians, or other personnel, including people outside our office, who are involved in your medical care and need the information to provide you with medical care.

• For Payment. We may use and disclose Health Information so that we or others may bill and receive payment from you, an insurance company or a third party for the treatment and services you received. For example, we may give your health plan information about you so that they will pay for your treatment.

• For Health Care Operations. We may use and disclose Health Information for health care operations purposes. These uses and disclosures are necessary to make sure that all of our patients receive quality care and to operate and manage our office. For example, we may use and disclose information to make sure the obstetrical or gynecological care you receive is of the highest quality. We also may share information with other entities that have a relationship with you (for example, your health plan) for their health care operation activities

• Appointment Reminders, Treatment Alternatives and Health Related Benefits and Services. We may use and disclose Health Information to contact you to remind you that you have an appointment with us. We also may use and disclose Health Information to tell you about treatment alternatives or health-related benefits and services that may be of interest to you.

• Individuals Involved in Your Care or Payment for Your Care. When appropriate, we may share Health Information with a person who is involved in your medical care or payment for your care, such as your family or a close friend. We also may notify your family about your location or general condition or disclose such information to an entity assisting in a disaster relief effort.

• Research. Under certain circumstances, we may use and disclose Health Information for research. For example, a research project may involve comparing the health of patients who received one treatment to those who received another, for the same condition. Before we use or disclose Health Information for research, the project will go through a special approval process. Even without special approval, we may permit researchers to look at records to help them identify patients who may be included in their research project or for other similar purposes, as long as they do not remove or take a copy of any Health Information.

Special Situations

• As Required by Law: We will disclose Health Information when required to do so by international, federal, state or local law.

• To Avert a Serious Threat to Health or Safety. We may use and disclose Health Information when necessary to prevent a serious threat to your health and safety or the health and safety of the public or another person. Disclosures, however, will be made only to someone who may be able to help prevent the threat.

• Business Associates. We may disclose Health Information to our business associates that perform functions on our behalf or provide us with services if the information is necessary for such functions or services. For example, we may use another company to perform billing services on our behalf. All of our business associates are obligated to protect the privacy of your information and are not allowed to use or disclose any information other than as specified in our contract.

• Organ and Tissue Donation. If you are an organ donor, we may use or release Health Information to organizations that handle organ procurement or other entities engaged in procurement,
banking or transportation of organs, eyes, or tissues to facilitate organ, eye, or tissue donation and transplantation.

- **Military and Veterans.** If you are a member of the armed forces, we may release Health Information as required by military command authorities. We also may release Health Information to the appropriate foreign military authority if you are a member of a foreign military.

- **Workers’ Compensation.** We may release Health Information for workers’ compensation or similar programs. These programs provide benefits for work-related injuries or illness.

- **Public Health Risks.** We may disclose Health Information for public health activities. These activities generally include disclosures to prevent or control disease, injury or disability; report births and deaths; report child abuse or neglect; report reactions to medications or problems with products; notify people of recalls of products they may be using; a person who may have been exposed to a disease or may be at risk for contracting or spreading a disease or condition; and the appropriate government authority if we believe a patient has been the victim of abuse, neglect or domestic violence. We will only make this disclosure if you agree or when required or authorized by law.

- **Health Oversight Activities.** We may disclose Health Information to a health oversight agency for activities authorized by law. These oversight activities include, for example, audits, investigations, inspections, and licensure. These activities are necessary for the government to monitor the health care system, government programs, and compliance with civil rights laws.

- **Data Breach Notification Purposes.** We may use or disclose your Protected Health Information to provide legally required notices of unauthorized access to or disclosure of your health information.

- **Lawsuits and Disputes.** If you are involved in a lawsuit or a dispute, we may disclose Health Information in response to a court or administrative order. We also may disclose Health Information in response to a subpoena, discovery request, or other lawful process by someone else involved in the dispute, but only if efforts have been made to tell you about the request or to obtain an order protecting the information requested.

- **Law Enforcement.** We may release Health Information if asked by a law enforcement official if the information is: (1) in response to a court order, subpoena, warrant, summons or similar process; (2) limited information to identify or locate a suspect, fugitive, material witness, or missing person; (3) about the victim of a crime even if, under certain very limited circumstances, we are unable to obtain the person’s agreement; (4) about a death we believe may be the result of criminal conduct; (5) about criminal conduct on our premises; and (6) in an emergency to report a crime, the location of the crime or victims, or the identity, description or location of the person who committed the crime.

- **Coroners, Medical Examiners and Funeral Directors.** We may release Health Information to a coroner or medical examiner. This may be necessary, for example, to identify a deceased person or determine the cause of death. We also may release Health Information to funeral directors as necessary for their duties.

- **National Security and Intelligence Activities.** We may release Health Information to authorized federal officials for intelligence, counter-intelligence, and other national security activities authorized by law.

- **Protective Services for the President and Others.** We may disclose Health Information to authorized federal officials so they may provide protection to the President, other authorized persons or foreign heads of state or to conduct special investigations.

- **Inmates or Individuals in Custody.** If you are an inmate of a correctional institution or under the custody of a law enforcement official, we may release Health Information to the correctional institution or law enforcement official. This release would be if necessary:
  (1) for the institution to provide you with health care;
  (2) to protect your health and safety or the health and safety of others; or
  (3) the safety and security of the correctional institution.

**Uses and Disclosures that require us to give you an Opportunity to Object and Opt Out**

- **Individuals Involved in Your Care or Payment for Your Care.** Unless you object, we may disclose to a member of your family, a relative, a close friend or any other person you identify, your Protected Health Information that directly relates to that person’s involvement in your health care. If you are unable to agree or object to such a disclosure, we may disclose such information as necessary if we determine that it is in your best interest based on our professional judgment.

- **Disaster Relief.** We may disclose your Protected Health Information to disaster relief organizations that seek your Protected Health Information to coordinate your care, or notify family and friends of your location or condition in a disaster. We will provide you with an opportunity to agree or object to such a disclosure whenever we practically can do so.

**Your Written Authorization is required for other Uses and Disclosures**

The following uses and disclosures of your Protected Health Information will be made only with your written authorization:

- Uses and disclosures of Protected Health Information for marketing purposes; and

- Disclosures that constitute a sale of your Protected Health Information

Other uses and disclosures of Protected Health Information not covered by this Notice or the laws that apply to us will be made only with your written authorization. If you do give us an authorization, you may revoke it at any time by submitting a
written revocation to our Privacy Officer and we will no longer disclose Protected Health Information under the authorization. But disclosure that we made in reliance on your authorization before you revoked it will not be affected by the revocation.

Your Rights

You have the following rights regarding Health Information we have about you:

• **Right to Inspect and Copy.** You have a right to inspect and copy Health Information that may be used to make decisions about your care or payment for your care. This includes medical and billing records, other than psychotherapy notes. To inspect and copy this Health Information, you must make your request, in writing, to Human Resources. We have up to 30 days to make your Protected Health Information available to you and we may charge you a reasonable fee for the costs of copying, mailing or other supplies associated with your request. We may not charge you a fee if you need the information for a claim for benefits under the Social Security Act or any other state of federal needs-based benefit program. We may deny your request in certain limited circumstances. If we do deny your request, you have the right to have the denial reviewed by a licensed healthcare professional who was not directly involved in the denial of your request, and we will comply with the outcome of the review.

• **Right to an Electronic Copy of Electronic Medical Records.** If your Protected Health Information is maintained in an electronic format (known as an electronic medical record or an electronic health record), you have the right to request that an electronic copy of your record be given to you or transmitted to another individual or entity. We will make every effort to provide access to your Protected Health Information in the form or format you request, if it is readily producible in such form or format. If the Protected Health Information is not readily producible in the form or format you request your record will be provided in either our standard electronic format or if you do not want this form or format, a readable hard copy form. We may charge you a reasonable, cost-based fee for the labor associated with transmitting the electronic medical record.

• **Right to Get Notice of a Breach.** You have the right to be notified upon a breach of any of your unsecured Protected Health Information.

• **Right to Amend.** If you feel that Health Information we have is incorrect or incomplete, you may ask us to amend the information. You have the right to request an amendment for as long as the information is kept by or for our office. To request an amendment, you must make your request, in writing, to Human Resources.

• **Right to an Accounting of Disclosures.** You have the right to request a list of certain disclosures we made of Health Information for purposes other than treatment, payment and health care operations or for which you provided written authorization. To request an accounting of disclosures, you must make your request, in writing, to Human Resources.

• **Right to Request Restrictions.** You have the right to request a restriction or limitation on the Health Information we use or disclose for treatment, payment, or health care operations. You also have the right to request a limit on the Health Information we disclose to someone involved in your care or the payment for your care, like a family member or friend. For example, you could ask that we not share information about a particular diagnosis or treatment with your spouse. To request a restriction, you must make your request, in writing, to Human Resources. We are not required to agree to your request unless you are asking us to restrict the use and disclosure of your Protected Health Information to a health plan for payment or health care operation purposes and such information you wish to restrict pertains solely to a health care item or service for which you have paid us “out-of-pocket” in full. If we agree, we will comply with your request unless the information is needed to provide you with emergency treatment.

• **Out-of-Pocket-Payments.** If you paid out-of-pocket (or in other words, you have requested that we not bill your health plan) in full for a specific item or service, you have the right to ask that your Protected Health Information with respect to that item or service not be disclosed to a health plan for purposes of payment or health care operations, and we will honor that request.

• **Right to Request Confidential Communications.** You have the right to request that we communicate with you about medical matters in a certain way or at a certain location. For example, you can ask that we only contact you by mail or at work. To request confidential communications, you must make your request, in writing, to Human Resources. Your request must specify how or where you wish to be contacted. We will accommodate reasonable requests.

• **Right to a Paper Copy of This Notice.** You have the right to a paper copy of this notice. You may ask us to give you a copy of this notice at any time. Even if you have agreed to receive this notice electronically, you are still entitled to a paper copy of this notice.

Changes to this Notice

We reserve the right to change this notice and make the new notice apply to Health Information we already have as well as any information we receive in the future. We will post a copy of our current notice at our office. The notice will contain the effective date on the first page, in the top right-hand corner.

Complaints

If you believe your privacy rights have been violated, you may file a complaint with our office or with the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services. To file a complaint with our office, contact Human Resources. All complaints
must be made in writing. You will not be penalized for filing a complaint.
You may contact our office at the University of San Francisco: 415-422-2442

The Plans may change the terms of this Notice at any time. If the Plans change this Notice, the Plans may make the new Notice terms effective for all of your PHI that the Plans maintain, including any information the Plans created or received before we issued the new Notice. If the Plans change this Notice, the Plans will make it available to you.

403(b) ERISA Notice
The University of San Francisco Tax-Deferred Annuity Plan [403(b) Voluntary Retirement Plan], is subject to ERISA, which stands for the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and is the federal law that governs the operation of retirement plans subject to its terms.

Because the plan is covered by ERISA rules it may affect your beneficiary designations and, if applicable, your spouse’s rights to benefits under the plan. Please read below to find out more about beneficiary and spousal consent requirements under this plan.

Beneficiary Requirements
Under ERISA plans, a spouse has rights to survivor benefits under the plan. If you are currently married and have someone other than your spouse named as your beneficiary, you should contact TIAA or Fidelity to review your beneficiary designation (see the contact information below). Please note that even if you name someone other than your spouse as a beneficiary, your spouse will still be entitled to a 50% interest in your plan benefits unless your spouse waives this right, in writing. In such case, your spouse’s signature must be notarized or witnessed by a plan representative. This applies to all your assets in the plan, even those assets that have accumulated before 2010.

If you are single or if you are married with your spouse named as at least 50% beneficiary of your plan, no action is required. Your current beneficiary designations can remain in effect.

Spousal Consent for Loans and Distributions
ERISA-covered plans also may require spousal consents before you can take a loan or a distribution in a form other than a joint and survivor annuity from the plan. For this reason, you may need to obtain a spousal waiver to take any of these actions. Please contact your plan vendor (TIAA or Fidelity) for specific information.

• To contact TIAA, call 800-842-2252
• To contact Fidelity, call 800-343-0860

University of San Francisco Defined Contribution Retirement Plan
(The 401(a) plan)

Notice Regarding Default Investment Funds
This notice, in question and answer format, gives you important information about the default investment funds for the University of San Francisco Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (“the Plan”).

The Plan allows participants and beneficiaries to direct the investment of their University Contributions. If you do not provide investment instructions, your University Contributions are automatically invested in the Plan’s default investment fund and will remain invested in the default investment fund until you direct otherwise.

What are the Plan’s default investment funds?
The Plan’s default investment funds are the TIAA Lifecycle Funds. The default fund election will remain in effect until you select other investment funds. You can obtain the most current list of the Plan’s open Investment Funds and their share/unit values from TIAA which is updated each business day:

• By logging in to the TIAA Web Center at www.tiaa.org/planinvestments, Plan No. 100975; or
• By calling 800-842-2252 and speaking to a TIAA representative.

What is a TIAA Lifecycle Fund?
A TIAA Lifecycle Fund is a target date retirement fund that provides a ready-made diversified portfolio using TIAA mutual funds as underlying investments that include both equity and fixed-income instruments. The allocation strategy for the underlying equity, fixed-income, and short-term mutual funds is based on the number of years expected to reach the target retirement dates. University Contributions that are defaulted to a TIAA Lifecycle Fund are invested in the fund that is closest to the year in which you will attain age 65.

These funds seek to provide high total returns until the target retirement date. Each fund’s goal is to seek high current income, and as a secondary objective, capital appreciation. Each fund’s target asset allocation percentages automatically changes over time to become more conservative by gradually reducing the allocation to equity funds and increasing the allocation to fixed-income and short-term funds. If the default investment fund changes at any time in the future, you will be notified.

Where can I find more information regarding the TIAA Lifecycle Funds?
You can obtain specific information, including a description of the fund’s investment objectives, risk and return characteristics, and fees and expenses by reviewing the fund fact sheets as well as
By logging in to the TIAA Web Center at www.tiaa.org/plan investments, Plan No. 100975 (click the fund which you wish to review); or
By calling 800-842-2252 and speaking to a TIAA representative.

May I change the automatic investment of my University Contributions?
You have the right to change the investment of your future and past University Contributions Plan at any time and at no charge. If you do nothing, your University Contributions will continue to be and will remain invested in a TIAA Lifecycle Fund.

How do I change the investment of my University Contributions?
Investment changes for future and past University Contributions can be made:
• By logging in to the TIAA/USFCA Web Center at http://tiaa.org/usfca; or
• By calling 800-842-2252 and speaking to a TIAA representative.

If I have any questions about this notice or the Plan, who can I contact?
Visit the Human Resources Office, Lone Mountain Main Building, Room 339, or contact the Human Resources Benefits Team by telephone at 415-422-2442, Monday – Friday, 8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., or by email at retirementplan@usfca.edu.